

# THE KENTUCKY TRIBUNE.

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JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN, JAS. F. ZIMMERMAN,  
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Cash for any quantity of CLEAN

LINE and COTTON RAGS that may

be brought in. Rags will be received in

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this office. Bring them on.

Danville, May 31, '92

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REXEMAN & BODEN,

Corner Main and Sixth Streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

BY

HALL & BLEDSOE.

may 14, '92

E. HAMILTON,

PAINTER,

And Dealer in

Paints, Oils and Window Glass,

Main Street, opposite the Bank,

DANVILLE, KY.

may 30, '92

A. H. BLEDSON, JOHN COWAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

DANVILLE, KY.

WILL continue to practice Law in partnership with Boyle and adjoining counties.

Office on Third Street, opposite the Tribune Printing Office. -2-43

SPEED S. FRY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL practice in the Courts of Boyle and the adjoining counties. Any business confided to him, will be promptly attended to.

[Feb 27, '92]

F. T. & H. FOX,

Attorneys at Law,

DANVILLE, KY.

WILL attend to all business entrusted to them in Boyle and the adjoining counties.

April 9, '92

F. T. FOX, J. B. VAUGHAN,

FOX & VAUGHAN,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

DANVILLE:

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1892.

A cave has recently been discovered near Lafayette, Indiana, which is supposed to be larger than the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky. It is now being explored.

We learn that a man named John Smith, murdered his wife at New Albany, Ind., on Friday evening last, by striking her on the head with a club. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause. Smith was arrested and placed in jail.

Some fifteen pieces of cannon, four of them copper, have lately been found under ground in Texas, on the site of the Alamo, where Travis, Bowie and Crockett so desperately fought and bravely fell in 1836.

The American population of Liberia is now about 8,000, inhabiting a territory stretched over 500 miles of coast. They have built about twenty cities and towns. They have made treaties by which one hundred thousand natives are brought under their laws, and nearly a million have abandoned the slave traffic.

A GRAND SCOTT RALLY.—An eloquent call has been issued by a Whig committee at Buffalo for the people of the Western New York, Western Pennsylvania, Northern Ohio, the Lake regions generally, and indeed the whole United States to assemble at Niagara Falls on the 27th of the present month, the anniversary of the battle of Niagara, to ratify the nomination of Scott and Graham.

The Old Independence Bell.—The Philadelphia papers state that this relic of the times that tried men's souls has been brought down from the tower, and is in future to occupy a position in the Hall of Independence, upon a pedestal that has been prepared for it. This bell was cast ninety-nine years since, and from the prominent part it has taken in proclaiming liberty, will always be an object of interest to the visitors to the Hall of Independence.

We notice in an advertisement of "Morrison's Rheumatic Compound," a certificate, dated "Danville, Boyle county, Ky., October 21st, 1891," purporting to be from the pen of Jno. M. Roso, M. D., of said place, and giving an account of a wonderful cure of Rheumatism on the person of "Mr. Loradin, a young gentleman of Centre College." During the progress of the case "Dr. McFadden" was called in, who gave the patient up as beyond relief. The certificate states that "hundreds of the citizens of Danville can testify to the facts of this case." This certificate is entirely spurious, no such persons as Roso, Loradin, or McFadden are now, or ever have been, so far as we are acquainted or can learn, citizens of this place or county.

The Wopster (D) Democra. offers a reward of fifty dollars to the Whig who tells the biggest lie on Gen. Pierce, to be paid when Gen. Scott is elected President.—E.

We are not much of a hand at fibbing, but we will try our hand at it. So here it goes: He was the unanimous choice of the Democratic party previous to his nomination! There, it anybody can beat that, it will relieve our conscience wonderfully.—Aurora Standard.

We can. He will be elected. (May the Lord forgive us!)—Mad. Banner.

Pshaw!—the above is no what. He didn't faint! (Fork that fifty over).—Decatur Press.

We'll take the cash. He was a leading member in Congress; has always favored internal improvements, and the protection of Home Industry; did not vote against the bill for the benefit of the unfortunate Widow Harrison, and, in short would make a good President! (What an awful lie!) The Wopster Democrat will please hold that fifty subject to our order.

A NEW METHOD OF COMPUTING INTEREST.—A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun communicates the following simple mode of computing interest at 6 per cent. per any number of days. It is easily tried.

"Divide the number of days 3, and multiply the dollars by the dividend, and the result is the interest in decimals; cut off the right hand figure, and you have the interest in dollars and cents. Thus: what is the interest on \$100 for 21 days? Twenty-one divided by 3 is 7; 100 multiplied by 7 is 700, or 7.00. Again: what is the interest on \$378 for 93 days? Ninety-three divided by six is 15.5; 378 multiplied by 15.5 is 5859, or 58.59. Let the book-keepers try this rule, and they will find that it is no humbug!"

Wing Motto.—"The union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union."

Political Clippings.

The Locos of Elsburg, Ia., have made two or three attempts to raise a Pierce pole, but each time they grew faint, and the pole fell. They will have to nerve themselves for another effort, as it will never do to give it up so.

Who is Pierce?—[Exchange.] He was Brigadier in the Mexican war, and fought at— and at—we don't know where; but he killed Cass, and Douglas, and Buchanan, and Marcy, and a dozen or so other "fogies."—Raleigh Register.

General Pierce resides in the town of Concord, and the whole Democratic party will soon be in a state of concord.

New Hampshire Patriot.

Perhaps you mean that your interesting party will soon be in a conquered state.

The Madisonian publishes a General Pierce song to the air of the "White Cockade." Very appropriate, as that is the same as the White feather. Democrats are expected to faint at the end of each verse in singing it.—Evansville Journal.

One "fixed fact" is that Frank Pierce is to be our next President.—Cleveland Plaindealer.

Frank Pierce on horseback was supposed to be a fixed fact in Mexico, but that fixed fact was unfixed on several rather interesting occasions.—Jour.

The editor of the Democrat tells his readers that the Whig party is "in a state of total shipwreck and disorganization." He and his readers are perfectly welcome to hug this delusion to their bosoms until the victorious Whig legions shall come thundering down upon them in November.—Jour.

The same persons and presses that now abuse Gen. Scott denounced Gen. Harrison, in 1840, as an Abolitionist, a granny, a simpleton, a coward, and a seducer. They denounced Henry Clay, in 1844, as an Abolitionist, a traitor, a murderer, a brandy-drinker, and a black-leg. They denounced Gen. Taylor, in 1848, as an abolition tool, a weakling, an ignorant, a breaker of pledges, a falsifier of the truth, and a wilful slanderer. They are welcome to apply all these old epithets to Gen. Scott and as many new ones as they can invent for the special occasion.—Jour.

The Washington Union says that if you take away from Gen. Scott the record of his battles, there will be nothing left of him.

Well, we will admit that Scott, like Washington, is much indebted to the record of his battles for his world-wide fame, and by taking that away from him, you would, indeed, take an immense deal from him. He cannot afford any such loss, but the Democratic candidate would be none the worse in public estimation if the record of his battles were taken away from him. As very juvenile arithmeticians say, take naught from naught and naught remains.—Jour.

Victory is Scott's by prescription. We have read the decrees of fate in the countenances of our Democratic friends for more than two months. The shudder with which the name of Scott never failed to inspire them, has been to us an infallible augury of the future. They felt that Scott's three wars and ten pitched battles must outweigh Pierce's four jumbles from horseback. The scowls on their countenances were the shadows cast before by coming events.—Richmond Whig.

Mrs. PARTINGTON.—"Don't put too much confidence in a lover's vows and sighs," says Mrs. Partington to her niece; "let him tell you that you have lips like strawberries and cream, and cheeks like a carnation, and eyes like an asterisk, but such things oligier comes from a tender heart than a tender heart."

When Lord Erskine, going the circuit, was asked by his landlady how he had slept, he replied, "Union is strength—a fact of which your inmates seem to be unaware; for, had the fleas been unanimous last night, they might have pushed me out of the bed." "Fie!" exclaimed Boniface, affecting great astonishment, "I was not aware that I had a single one in the house." "I don't believe you have," rejoined his landlady, "they are all married, and have uncommonly large families!"

SOMETHING GRAPHIC.—The following letter was written some time since by a boy down in Alabama to his father in Georgia:

ALABAMIAN, PIERCE C., Jan 1891.

Dear Daddy—Corn is riz and brother Henry is dead likewise.

Yours omnipotent,

JOHN McCLEURE.

A GENTLEMAN presented a lace collar to the object of his adoration, and in a jocular way, said: "Do not let any one else gumpie it."

"No, dear," said the lady, "I will take it off."

The most miserable man in this world, is an honest man over head and ears in debt.

Strong words indicate a weak cause. The more a man swears, the easier he is lied.

A man in Georgia has just invented a pulvicer, of such power that they are used for drawing canal boats.



Here is "KATE" again. Her beautiful productions are always welcome to our columns.

For the Kentucky Tribune.

MY LITTLE NIECE.

I would not ask to change my lot

To one of high degree—

Nor would I ask for jewels rare

Of dazzling brilliancy—

Could I but call one treasure mine,

More priceless far than gold;

It is a precious living gem

That's scarcely three years old.

Her fragile, little, fairy form

At early morn is seen,

Almost concealed among the flow'rs,

And bask and leaves so green;

And when she picks a simple dower

'Tis pleasing to behold.

How like they are, the opening bud

And child scarce three years old.

And when her brothers gather round,

All full of childish glee,

No step is half so light and free,

No laugh so wild and free;

No hands more busy than her own,

Nor voice more clear and bold—

For she's a happy, joyous thing,

This child scarce three years old.

O! would that this could be—

That she might grow to womanhood,

The troubles that we pilgrims here

Are called to undergo;

Would that to her the cares of life

Might be a tale untold—

O! would that she could always be

Some three or four years old.

FARMINGTON, IOWA.

KATE.

WHY CALL THEM TRIFLES.

A flower, given by one we love,

Is prized far more than sparkling gems;

A smile, a look, a gentle word,

Outweighs the costliest diamonds;

A tear upon the loved one's cheek,

Will make the blindest spirit quail,

A look of pain, of grief, or care,

Will turn the rose to lily pale.

A look of scorn hath led to hate,

A kindly smile hath won a heart,

The one leaves but unhappiness,

The other's joy shall ne'er depart.

Then why should we those trifles call,

Which make the sum of life, the all

That man doth live for here below?

And make him joy or sorrow know.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

The right to wake when others sleep;

The right to watch, the right to weep;

The right to comfort in distress;

The right to soothe, the right to bless;

The right to dry the orphan's tear;

The right to feed and clothe the poor;

The right to teach men to endure;

The right, when other friends have flown,

And left the sufferer all alone,

To kneel that dying couch beside,

And meekly point to Him who died;

Which make the sum of life, the all

That man doth live for here below?

Until our last—a quiet grave.

IF a gentleman named Mudd having married a lady named Mayden, gave rise to the following impromptu:

Let's wife, 'tis said in days of yore,

For one rebellious wife

Was turned, as we are plainly told,

Into a lump of salt.

The same propensity of change

Still runs in human blood,

For here we have a case as strange—

A Mayden turned to Mudd.

Riding on the Rail.

Singing through the forests,

Rattling over ridges,

Shooting under arches,

Rumbling over bridges,

Whizzing 'round the mountains,

Blazing o'er the valleys;

Bless my life! 'tis pleasant,

Riding on the rail.

prime lot o' messes, and I've sold 'em

all out, except one, and I kinder thought,

seem' how you was a very savvy sort of

a man, I could let you have that one

messie, a cause you could make it go

round!" and Jonathan had the laugh all

to himself.

The Dutchman began to bluster as

soon as he got the idea "through his

mind,"—and thinking he could do, as he

chose with the apparently green Yankee,

he commenced bullying.

"Look-a-here, mister, none of your

tricks upon travellers," says Jonathan:

"needn't think you can scare a Yankee,

no how. Why, rot your old cabbage

garden, I've known a Yankee to eat such

a Dutchman as you before breakfast."

"A Yankee eat a Dutchman! That's tam-

likely story. I'll pet ye feller you

can't eat me."

"I'll take that bet," says the Yankee;

"call in your neighbors to see fair play."

The neighbors were called in, and the

preliminaries arranged, in which it was

agreed that the Dutchman should take

off his boots, wash his feet, and lay down

on the table, whereupon the stakes were

put up.

The Dutchman was "laid out," and

Jonathan proceeded very deliberately to

unite his neck and unbutton his shirt

collar, preparatory to his cannibal feast.

Approaching the table where lay the

wondering Dutchman, Jonathan took up

one of his feet, and brought it to his

mouth, and made a very significant im-



**Honors to Henry Clay.**

At a meeting of the citizens of Danville and Boyle county, held at the Presbyterian Church, on Friday, July 16th, 1852, Col. C. A. ANDERSON, appointed Secretary. A committee consisting of W. C. ANDERSON, C. R. WALLACE, J. H. DAVENPORT, Rowan Bridges and William Boiling was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the community in view of the demise of the Hon. HENRY CLAY, made their report as follows:

Resolved, That the melancholy intelligence which reached us, that the hand of death has taken from our midst the great Statesman and Patriot HENRY CLAY, whose name and name and name, has been sent to the most ardent devotion to the happiness and prosperity of his country; whose eloquent tongue has so often been heard in the councils of the nation, not only in defense of that Freedom and those popular rights which were guaranteed to him and to us by the bill and blood of our noble and gallant ancestors, but in defense of the rights of the down-trodden and oppressed of all nations; whose name and character have been indissolubly connected with every feature and element which distinguished the American Republic from all other Governments; and, whereas, millions of hearts are now mourning the loss of one who has so long been the object of the highest admiration and most profound gratitude for that exalted Patriotism and Statesmanship which have so preeminently characterized him in all his efforts to promote the prosperity and increase the renown of his country.—Therefore,

Resolved, That we, the people of Danville and Boyle county, feeling deeply sensible of the loss of our common countryman, and sharing in that grief which his departure has caused throughout the length and breadth of the nation, and more especially in Kentucky, and in that fame which his genius has added to the American name, will not be found wanting in willingness to lend our hearts and voices to swell that just tribute of praise which is bearing upon its mighty tide the name of Henry Clay.

Resolved, That in the death of Henry Clay, the nation has not only lost one of the most brilliant stars that glimmered in her political firmament, but one whose noble and more abiding interest in the political, civil and religious welfare of his country; but the cause of Truth, Justice and Freedom have lost one of their most ardent, able and devoted Champions.

Resolved, That by his labors and arduous services in behalf of his country, when that country was struggling against the oppressions and aggressions of wild, reckless fanaticism, which threatened its downfall and destruction, he has reared for himself a monument more imperishable and enduring than marble, and more precious than all the diadems of Kingly Power.

Resolved, That by his untiring zeal in endeavoring to give more permanency to the principles of American Liberty and American Institutions, and to establish the Union of our glorious Republic upon a more firm and lasting basis, he has not only added another bright page to his country's history, but he has bequeathed his name and deeds with those of Washington, Jefferson and Franklin, to be transmitted to future ages, as illustrious examples to all those whose hearts glow with the emotions of Patriotism.

Resolved, That though his trumpet-voiced voice has been hushed in the stillness of death, that manly, graceful and majestic form has been consigned to its mother dust, there to moulder and decay, and though his immortal spirit has fled from its earthly tabernacle, to mingle, as we trust, and confidently believe, in the scenes of a brighter and better world, yet we hope that no change of time or circumstances, will ever cause the American People to cease to cherish, with the liveliest emotions of gratitude, the name and character of him whose death we have now assembled to commemorate.

Resolved, That in the Patriotism, devotion to the great American Union, the untiring energy and splendid abilities of Henry Clay, the youth of our country have an example worthy of imitation, and his death, which was as calm as a summer eve, should admonish those of his countrymen, who look upon his vacant seat, to prepare to meet the conqueror of earth's proudest sons as calmly as did he.

SPEED S. FRY,  
M. J. BURHAM,  
J. H. GARRARD,  
JOHN COWAN,  
W. I. MOORE.

Committee.

After the reading of the preamble and resolutions, Col. A. A. ANDERSON delivered a most appropriate, eloquent and touching eulogy upon the life and character of the deceased, after which the preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

C. RODES, Chm.

W. C. ANDERSON, Sec.

Assault by a Member of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 14.  
An altercation occurred in the Pension Office this morning which will probably result in legal proceedings against a member of Congress. It appears that during a conversation between Mr. Wyck and Col. Niles in the latter's room, on the action of the House in refusing to increase the salaries of clerks in certain offices, Mr. Wyck observed that "no members of Congress earned their salaries half as much as the clerks in the Department." Unknown to him, the Hon. Geo. W. Jones of Tennessee, was sitting in the room, and immediately commenced an assault upon Mr. Van Wyck, with a chair, inflicting him very severely.

The clerks interfered and the parties were separated. It is understood that both civil and criminal suits will be instituted against the honorable member.

Scot, Graham, and Victory!

**Whig Ratification Meeting.**

At a meeting of the Whigs of Boyle, held in the Court-House in Danville, July 12, 1852, on motion of W. C. ANDERSON, Col. G. S. CALDWELL was called to the Chair, and Geo. F. LEE appointed Secretary. A committee consisting of W. C. ANDERSON, C. R. WALLACE, J. H. DAVENPORT, Rowan Bridges and William Boiling was appointed to draft resolutions for the organization of a Scott and Graham Club—who thereupon reported the following:

Resolved, That the Whigs of Boyle hail with enthusiasm the nomination of General WINFIELD SCOTT as the Whig candidate for President. Like the illustrious Washington, his life and services have been devoted to his country. Commissioned as a Captain in Jefferson's army, he was a Lieutenant Colonel at 22; Colonel at 27; Brigadier General at 28, and four months after Major General, in six years he attained the highest military distinction. A volunteer at Queenstown—leading a forlorn hope at Fort George—conqueror of Chippewa, and invincible at Lundy's Lane, he achieved his life and shed his blood, and achieved glorious victories with undying renown, to the American arms. Afterwards, being called to take command of our armies in Mexico, he carried the American standard with unparalleled success from Vera Cruz to the "Halls of the Montezumas." Sent by Jackson and Van Buren at different periods in our country's history—when our peace and tranquility was threatened at home and abroad—to settle the existing difficulties and disturbances, he evidenced such qualities of Statesmanship, and civil diplomacy, that there is no doubt left of his pre-eminent qualifications for the post to which the Whig party of the Union are about to call him. That we regard him as a true, steadfast, and tried friend of the Commerce and the Union, and that neither Abolitionists of the North nor Secessionists of the South, nor a combination of Filibusters, Interventionists, Fire-Eaters, nor Subterranean, can ever swerve him from that conservative line of policy to which his efforts have been so steadily directed.

Resolved, That WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, our candidate for Vice President, is a man of pure and virtuous character, whose fidelity and attachment to the Union and the great Republican principles of the Whig party, and eminent services in the Cabinet of that "Model President," Millard Fillmore, entitle him to the confidence, respect and enthusiastic support of the Whig party.

Resolved, That we as Whigs will do our duty in the coming contest—that we will give to our patriotic candidates a zealous and cordial support—that we will rally with us in the great struggle to maintain our principles—that with a long pull, a strong pull and a pull altogether we will be victorious.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of and endorse the Administration of MILLARD FILLMORE—that he has, with the aid of the great intellect of Daniel Webster, and the eminent services of other members of his Cabinet, conducted affairs, both foreign and domestic, with such wisdom, conciliation and patriotic devotion to principle and his country, as to command the approbation and applause of the whole American people.

Resolved, That with a view to the more efficient organization of the Whig party in Boyle, we do hereby form ourselves into a "Scott and Graham Club"—and that the Club shall meet at such times, and at such places in the county as the President may hereafter direct.

Resolved, That ALEXANDER I. CALDWELL be and he is hereby appointed President of the Scott and Graham Club and shall remain in office until Winfield Scott is elected President of the United States.

Resolved, That Alexander Sneed, Samuel Hocker, James Brumfield, Thomas Martin, O. Garret, Samuel W. Miller, George T. Kirkland, John Dorsey, John Hollar, Andrew W. Kneel, Martin Bottom, Squire T. Roberts, William Green, Cornelius Rains, Jacob Goodnight, John Calvert, Alfred Cohen, M. G. Pardon, Moses Parks, Calvia Tharp, Peter Conder, John G. Pond, Christopher Floyd, Elias Taylor, Anderson Rice, Samuel McDowell, John Hollar, Harrison Walker, Henry Harlan, George Beswick, Overton Watkins, A. G. Yank, W. C. Russell, G. S. Caldwell, Isaac Sevier, John D. Lloyd, T. Kemper, Jr., W. H. Bruce, W. G. Kinsaid, John A. Corey, W. T. Pook, Thomas H. Ford, Clay Mock, B. F. Durham, J. F. Webb, A. S. McGarity, Jas F. Zimmerman, W. H. Lightfoot, John Arnold, W. G. Knox, Ben. Crow, George Gabbert, Wm. Armstrong, D. M. Humble, R. P. Gregory, William Martin, A. A. Anderson, W. E. Gentry, David Logan, J. B. Smith, Christopher Pittman, M. T. Christman, T. P. Young, L. O. Baughman.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Danville Tribune.

After the reading of the preamble and resolutions, Col. A. A. ANDERSON delivered a most appropriate, eloquent and touching eulogy upon the life and character of the deceased, after which the preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

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Scot, Graham, and Victory!

DISTRICT No. 4.  
A. H. Sneed, J. M. Meyer, J. W. Caldwell, C. B. Wallace, Henry Yeager, James Roperdian, John S. Duke, Guilford O. Talbot, William C. Swope, Benj. W. Gaines, Jacob Harlan, W. B. Braxdale.  
Resolved, That J. B. H. Latimer, M. T. Christman, Addison Durham, G. A. Armstrong and R. H. Harlan be appointed a committee to procure speakers for each and every meeting of the Club, and give timely notice of the time and places of meeting, in the Kentucky Tribune.  
The club was then addressed by Hon. J. F. Bell in an eloquent and effective speech. The meeting then adjourned with a hurrah for our nominees.  
G. S. CALDWELL, Pres.  
Geo. F. LEE, Sec.

**Concealed Weapons.**

Editors of the Tribune—GENTS: If you think the following suggestions worthy a place in your paper, please insert them.

Prompted by an ardent desire to see something done to check or stop the pernicious practice of carrying deadly weapons, so common in Kentucky, I have been induced to cast in my mite, however small, to aid if possible in accomplishing so desirable an object. It is only necessary, in order to arouse public opinion, that something be done to cause all to reflect and ask the question—what is the state of affairs brought about by this direful practice and a satisfactory answer will be found in all our public journals, in nearly all of which we find weekly recorded the murder of some one or more of the human family by his fellow-men—wives robbed of affectionate husbands, children of kind fathers and protectors, society of valuable members, and all for the most trivial causes. The assassin's steel and murderer's pistol (they deserve no milder name) are resorted to on all occasions, the sad effects of which daily bring distress and desolation throughout our land, and what is equally lamentable, but still true, in most cases the perpetrators, from some informality in the proceedings against them or some technicality or some other flimsy pretext, are suffered to escape the punishment the law prescribes for their offences, and which they so justly merit, and so far from being regarded after escaping the penalty of the law as they should be, their act in committing crime seems to be a stepping-stone to popularity, and society seems to court their favor as if proud of such acquisitions. Mistaken sympathy! Let public opinion take the right stand in this matter; frown it down by treating those engaged in it as they should be treated. Let the juries of our country act firmly and independently in the discharge of their duty, and not suffer themselves to be swayed and deceived by the ingenuity of lawyers who work for pay and popularity.

Our laws are rigid enough if we have officers independent enough to execute them, but look to it, ye men in power, a day of reckoning will surely come, when if you have, from fear of anything or from false sympathy, suffered yourselves to exercise your powers in such manner as to endanger society and everything that makes life desirable, however distant that day may appear, and however pleasantly you may be greeted and caressed for your decisions and acts, you will be held responsible, and fearful will be the account against you, and that before a tribunal where informalities, technicalities, and all such subterfuges will be cast out and be of no avail. Remember that day!

We hear in our political elections of Banner States, Banner counties, &c. I would propose that in Kentucky that county that first takes her stand against the practice of carrying and using deadly weapons and enforces strictly the law in bringing to justice all who indulge in it, and having that law faithfully executed in all cases, be proclaimed the Banner County in Kentucky. Which county will make the start first? Not the honor such as derived in a political contest would that county receive, but her fame would be spread far and wide as being the first to strike a deadly blow at that practice which has hurled so many of the human family unprepared into eternity, and left such desolation upon earth.

With the hope that something will be done in this matter, I leave it to your present.

Yours, T.

Who SENT THE FIVE CENTS?—We clip the following from the Louisville Journal:

DANVILLE, Ky., July 10.  
GENTLEMEN: I send you enclosed a five cent piece, the identical one that the illustrious candidate for the Presidency on behalf of the Democratic party, Franklin O. Pierce, I believe, according to the best authorities, purchased that stick of candy with, and so kindly, so charitably, and so magnanimously gave to the little boy that was such a total stranger to him. We can send you a number of vouchers for its validity.

Yours, &c.

We have no doubt in the world that this communication, which is anonymous, was written by Democrats. Their attempt to make us and the public believe that their nominee for the Presidency paid five cents for the stick of candy which he gave to the boy who was a total stranger to him, is a flagrant and most iniquitous perversion of the truth of history. It is a base and atrocious effort to make the nation think that the Democratic nominee is just five times as liberal as he really is. For our part, we shall not sit quietly by and see the world thus foully cheated into too great an admiration of the generosity of the New Hampshire candidate. That deed of his, which his partisans at Danville so magnificently related by his friend and admirer, Governor Steele, to the Democratic convention of New Hampshire in these words: "Mr. Pierce put his hand into his pocket, pulled out a cent, bought a stick of candy, and gave the candy to the boy, although the boy was a total stranger to him." The Danville Locomotives will please send to us for their five cents. Their unworthy stratagem has failed. The rascals shall not be permitted, through any aid of ours, to make what Governor Steele calls the most illustrious deed of Gen. Pierce's life five times as illustrious as it was.

**Eloquent and Truthful Eulogy.**  
A few evenings ago the Whigs of New Orleans held a meeting to ratify the nomination of Scott and Graham, and it was one of the largest and most enthusiastic assemblies ever seen in the Crescent City. Flags waved, bonfires blazed, cannon thundered, and men waved their hats and shouted. The most eloquent orators of the city spoke upon the occasion with even more than their accustomed eloquence. Among the speakers was the Hon. J. P. Benjamin, U. S. Senator elect and we copy from his speech the following very handsome extract. It is truth admirably told:

I will not detain you with the details of the life of the great man who is our standard bearer in this contest. Gen. Scott was a Captain in 1812, and in 1818 he was a Major General in the United States army—having in six years conquered all the intermediate grades. And he never won a grade for which he had not won a victory; and each victory left him with honorable scars, as substantial testimonials of his bravery. It was General Winfield Scott who first taught the British regulars that the American militia could use the bayonet. On the field of Chippewa, when the action had become general, he called to McNeill's battalion, which had not a recruit in it: "The enemy say that we are good at long shot, but cannot stand the cold iron! I call upon the Eleventh instantly to give the lie to that to that slander! Charge!" The movement was executed with decisive effect. The British army broke and fled in confusion; and the slander was buried forever. (Cheers.)

But it is not merely as a military hero (as it is termed) that Gen. Scott is to be considered. It is the term; but in other high capacities he has done noble service to his country; and, if the great and lamented Clay was entitled to be called "the Great Pacificator," equally ought Winfield Scott to be so called for his distinguished services as a prudent diplomatist.

When a Southern State had set at defiance the Federal law, and prepared to arm the people for resistance to the Government—when General Jackson—who had all the power in his own hand—now never remembered before a foreign foe, now trembled at the thought of shedding the blood of his own countrymen, whom did he send to that distracted State as a pacificator? He sent Winfield Scott. Yes, Gen. Winfield Scott, in the call of Gen. Jackson, proceeded to South Carolina, and, by his conciliatory demeanor and prudent action, made friends of them all. His masterly policy was such, that every man threw down his sword. Ploshed was avoided, and peace was restored to the Union.

But this is not all Gen. Scott has done to show himself a statesman as well as a soldier. In many times of imminent danger to the Union, when a wise statesman was wanted to overcome difficulties, each successive Executive has pitched upon Winfield Scott as the man for the occasion, and they have never been disappointed in him. You all remember the Canadian trouble—when fires blazed along the frontier, (Voice in the meeting, "Where was Gen. Scott then?") Gen. Scott was sent to the frontier, and by his prudence and foresight saved the frontier, and brought back peace and prosperity to the land. That's where General Scott was then. (Great cheering.)

Again, when the Northeastern boundary difficulty was at its height, and Maine was in arms, and the two armies were preparing for mortal combat, and this country was about to be deluged in blood—and all about a worthless strip of territory—worthless in a pecuniary point of view—but priceless as the subject of dispute between the two nations—Winfield Scott was again called upon, and having proceeded to the scene, succeeded in an agreement by which armies to fall back, until by diplomacy, he saved a war, of which none can tell what might have been the end. In the execution of these and other most delicate negotiations, he has entitled himself to be acknowledged statesman and a patriot. In all his high trusts, Winfield Scott has never fallen short of what was expected from him by his countrymen! (Tremendous cheering.)

More recently we behold him in Mexico, and although that campaign eclipses all others in glory he is more than a Military chieftain there. The man who could administer the government in a hostile country, with only a small band around him and in the capital of an enemy chafed by defeat—who could, in Scott's own memorable words, "conquer a peace," and in the enemy's own capital, dictate to them the terms of a peace, and who produced such an impression on the hostile government, that they invited him to become their dictator—is not such a man a statesman and a patriot?

Mr. Clay and the Baltimore Convention.

The Washington Correspondent of the N. Y. Courier and Enquirer, writes under date of 10th inst., as follows:—The statements which have appeared in several of the public prints, representing that Mr. CLAY had expressed no opinion in regard to the action of the Whig Convention or the nominations, are erroneous. Obvious considerations of propriety, preclude at the present time, any full disclosure of the sentiments entertained by that distinguished statesman, but on a proper occasion the public will be enabled to understand from the most undoubted source, that Mr. CLAY signified his sincere gratification at the declaration of principles put forth by the Convention, and his unqualified confidence that Gen. Scott would make a safe and judicious President.—His son Mr. THOMAS H. CLAY, who administered to the dying patriot all the affections of filial devotion in his last illness, is necessarily more familiar with all the facts and circumstances than any other living person, and will doubtless embrace some becoming opportunity, to disclose to the country the last counsels of his honored parent. It was a part of Mr. CLAY's constitutional organization, to have no concealments on public affairs, and there is every reason to believe he unbosomed

himself as freely upon the subjects to which I have referred, as upon any others to which his intimation had been directed. And if candor was one of his conspicuous characteristics, magnanimity was another equally shining.—He submitted with philosophical composure, to the nominations in 1840 and in 1848, by which his own claims were superseded and in the present instance, he readily yielded to the judgement of a tribunal, which happened not to concur with his admitted predilections. What Mr. CLAY most desired, was that the Convention should distinctly and honorably approve the settlement of the Sectional Controversy and by that means, remove it from the political arena. In this respect, he was gratified to the full extent of his expectation and desires, with the additional satisfaction, that the candidates nominated, accepted the honor, with the conditions imposed.

**Post Note.**  
TAKEN up as a stray, by JOHN M. LEWIS, living near Hustonville, Lincoln county, a BAY HORSE, with a bed tail, left hind foot white, a star in his forehead, 16 hands high, swarried in both shoulders, and supposed to be 9 years old—appraised at Twenty-seven Dollars and Fifty cents, (\$27.50). Given under hand and seal of the court, for said county, this 7th day of July, 1852.

J. M. LEWIS.  
The owner of said horse can get him by applying to me, proving property, and paying all necessary charges.  
J. M. LEWIS.  
July 9, '52

**Grab Orchard Springs.**

"HOPE HOUSE!"  
THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he has taken for a term of years, the TAVERN STAND formerly kept by W. H. TAYLOR, in the town of Grab Orchard, near Hustonville, Lincoln county, Kentucky, and has fitted it up, and furnished it, so that he is enabled to accommodate those who may call on him in a style calculated to please.

JAS. HOPE.  
Grab Orchard, July 2, '52

**Fine Boyle County Farm FOR SALE.**

THE undersigned having lately purchased a Farm in Boyle county, will offer at Public Sale, (if not previously disposed of at private sale), to the highest bidder,  
On Thursday, September 2, 1852,  
THE FARM  
On which he now resides, (having repurchased it of Wm. Ray).

Containing 321 Acres.  
Said Tract of Land lies in Boyle county, 1 1/2 miles above the Old Harrod Station Tract, within half a mile of the Danville and Ferville Turnpike, and 3 1/2 miles west of Danville. This Farm lies on the road which will be constructed from Danville to McMinnville, Tenn., to intersect the Southern roads, which run in every direction, which, together with the advantages of the new post-and-railroad, a young Apple Orchard of 15 trees, 4 years growth, selected from the best Nurseries of Kentucky and Ohio, and a variety of other Fruit trees, all of the most choice kind. It is well watered and timbered. It is deemed unnecessary to give further particulars, as those who wish to purchase will of course desire to see and judge for themselves, and all such are invited to call.

I will also sell at the same time and place,  
A number of Horses and Mules,  
Jacks and Jennets.

All of which are either by Morocco Mammoth or bred to him. Also,

JUAN FERNANDEZ,  
One of the finest Stallions and breeders in Kentucky, with his colts stand as living certificates and he has never produced but one sorrel colt. Also,  
150 head of Hogs; 20 head of sheep; one fine Wagon; one fine Carriage and Buggy; Household and Kitchen Furniture; Farming Utensils, &c.  
Also, the Growing Crop on the Farm, &c.

THE TERMS, which will be liberal, will be made known at the time of sale.

JAMES F. MASON.  
Boyle county, July 16, '52

Lexington Observer and Louisville Courier insert weekly till sale and ch.

**LINCOLN COUNTY Farm for Sale.**

BEING desirous of removing from the State, I offer MY FARM for sale,  
Containing about 575 Acres!  
400 of which is rich Land, the remaining 175 acres Timbered Land. This Farm is situated in Lincoln county, on the road leading from Carpenter's Station to Danville, and two miles west of the town of Hustonville. The Farm is in high state of cultivation, with good fencing, there being upwards of 700 pounds of new and first rate Post-and-rail-fence; good rice; first rate Stables and O. Buildings—all new. Said Farm is finely timbered. The contemplated Southern Railroad, from Danville to McMinnville, Tenn., is confidently believed by all, will pass through or near this Farm.

Persons wishing to purchase a good Farm would do well to call and examine. Terms made, and possession given at any time to suit purchasers.

W. M. CARPENTER.  
Hustonville, July 9, '52

Richmond Messenger insert it, and forward call to this office.

**Drs. Hunter & LaRue**

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of Medicine, and Surgery, at the residence of Dr. Hunter, in the various branches of their profession to the citizens of Danville and vicinity. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit a liberal share of patronage. One of both of them may at all times be found at their Office on Walnut street, unless absent on professional business.  
Danville, July 2, '52

**Blasting and Rifle Powder At Reduced Prices!**

Blasting Powder, at \$3.75 per keg.  
Rifle Powder, at 6.00 " "  
Safety Fuse, at 75c per 100 ft.  
At W. B. MORROW & CO'S  
Mammoth Grocery.  
July 9, '52

WE are giving Dry Goods and Groceries for HEMP.  
W. B. MORROW & CO.  
ap 23 tf

No excuse for bad Bread!!  
I HAVE a few dozen PRESTON & MERRILL's Celebrated Yeast Powders for sale.  
G. A. ARMSTRONG.

**Fresh Groceries**

Just received and for sale low, by  
J. L. SMITH.  
SUCH as Brown, Leaf and Crushed Sugar; Rio and Java Coffee; Golden Syrup; Sugar-house and Plantation Molasses; Salmon, Mackerel and Herrings; Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Rice, Cloves and Nutmegs; Raisins, Figs, Citron, Almonds, Zante Currants, Fresh Peaches, Pickles and Prunes; Candy, assorted; Star, Stearine and Summer Mould Cakes; Nails, articles—all of which will be sold low for Cash. Also, he keeps constantly on hand, D. O. E. S. Superfine and Second Rate FLOUR and MEAL.  
J. L. SMITH.  
July 2, '52

**HARRODSBURG SPRINGS**

MRS. MARY COLLINS  
RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Danville and vicinity, that for the season she has opened a  
Bagnette Room  
AT THE HARRODSBURG SPRINGS.  
And would solicit a call from all who may be visiting there this season.  
July 9, '52

**Desirable Property for Sale.**

THE undersigned is desirous to sell a LOT OF GROUND, containing about 4 Acres, with comfortable improvements thereon, lying near Danville, on the road leading to the Mouth of Dix River. Those desirous of purchasing are requested to examine the premises for themselves, and call on C. B. WALLACE, Esq., of Danville, for terms, &c.  
EDWARD DONLEY.  
June 25, '52

**BRYANT'S SPRINGS, NEAR CRAB ORCHARD, KY.**

HAVING formed a co-partnership with my son-in-law, Mr. CHRISTOPHER T. LEAVELL, and built an additional number of large airy rooms, I am prepared to accommodate good style a larger number of visitors than heretofore. My place is situated 14 miles from Crab Orchard, on the Somerset road, and is a very suitable location for those who wish to be removed from the noise of the town, with the privilege, however, of visiting it by a pleasant walk or ride, as preferred.  
The Mineral Water on my place is abundant and excellent, embracing Chalybeate and Sulphur. There is also a good Spring within a short distance of the house.  
Any persons desiring Hydropathic treatment can secure the valuable services of Dr. WHITING, who will attend to patients in my house. Our terms shall be moderate, and nothing will be left undone which will conduce to the comfort or pleasure of our visitors.  
There is now a daily line of Stages running from Hustonville through Lancaster, to Crab Orchard, and a tri-weekly line from Danville—the former connecting with the stages from Lexington, and the latter with the stages from Louisville.

J. O. BRYANT.  
Lincoln co., June 11, '52

**WATCHES AND JEWELRY.**

S. S. CUTLER & CO.,  
(LATE WALTER & CUTLER.)  
No. 2, Melodion Building, same as occupied by Dr. S. G. GORDON.  
MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.  
WOULD respectfully call the attention of the residents of Danville and vicinity, to our large and complete stock of low receiving and opening, consisting in part of  
Fine Diamond Bracelets,  
Ear Rings, Brooches, Finger Rings, and Gentlemen's Pins.  
Fine Gold and Silver Watches.  
From the best makers, viz: Cooper, Tabler, Morris & Campbell, Joseph Johnson, E. D. Johnson, Ferret, Montanone, &c., used in 18 cant gold, and in every imaginable style. Also our assortment of

**JEWELRY**

Is large and rich, comprising all the most desirable  
Embracing large massive Bracelets, new patterns of Ear Rings, Filigree Work, set with Pearls and Coral, Rich Brooches, Cuff Pins, Mourning Brooches, Gold Vest, Fob and Neck Chains, Lockets, Finger Rings of every shape and pattern.  
SILVER WARE  
Silver Tea Sets, Plated Ware, Clocks, &c.  
WATCH WORK done in the best manner. An invitation is extended to all who may visit our city to call and look at our Goods.  
New Jewelry receiving every few weeks.  
S. S. CUTLER & CO.  
Lexington May 21, '52

**State of Kentucky.**

Russell County Court, June Term, 1852.  
GEORGE RABART, Administrator of JOHN COMPTON, deceased, Complainant,  
against  
The Heirs and Creditors of JOHN COMPTON, deceased, Defendants.  
IN EQUITY.  
THIS day came the complainant, by his counsel, and exhibited his Petition in open court, which was read to and ordered to be filed. It is ruled and ordered, that the creditors of said John Compton, dec'd, do, on the 15th day of August next, appear and prove their accounts, &c. before WILLIAM M. GREEN, Presiding Judge of the Russell County Court, at his office, in the town of Jamestown, and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published four times in the Danville Tribune, by weekly insertions—and it is further ordered, that four advertisements of the time and place of making proof of claims against said estate be posted up, one of which on the court-house door in the town of Jamestown, and one in the neighborhood of the decedent's last residence, and the other two at the most public places in the county of Russell. Ordered, that it be continued until the next term of this court.  
A copy—attest,  
WILL S. PATTERSON, Clerk of the Russell County Court.  
Jamestown, July 2, '52

**State of Kentucky.**

Russell County Court, June Term, 1852.  
SUSAN ISAACS, late Susan Smith, and SAMUEL ISAACS, Administrators of CLAYTON M. SMITH, deceased, Plaintiffs,  
against  
CLAYTON M. SMITH'S Heirs and Creditors, Defendants.  
IN EQUITY.  
THIS day came the complainants, by their attorney, and their Petition having been heretofore sworn to and filed in open court, and on the motion of their counsel, it is ruled and ordered, that the creditors of the estate of the said Clayton M. Smith, dec'd, do, on or before the 15th day of August next, appear and prove their accounts, &c. before WILLIAM M. GREEN, Presiding Judge of the Russell County Court, at his office, in the town of Jamestown, and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published four times in the Danville Tribune, by weekly insertions. And it is further ordered, that four advertisements of the time and place of making proof of claims against said estate be posted up, one of which on the court-house door in Jamestown, and one in the neighborhood of the decedent's last residence, and the other two at the most public places in the county of Russell—and the cause is continued until the next term of this court.  
A copy—attest,  
WILL S. PATTERSON, Clerk of the Russell County Court.  
Jamestown, July 2, '52

**LINCOLN LAND FOR SALE.**

HAVING removed from the county, I wish to sell THE FARM where I formerly lived.  
Containing about 215 Acres,  
Situated about 3 miles south-west of Hustonville, immediately on the road to Liberty. The Farm is all well set in grass, except about 30 acres, which is now in Oats, and one or two small lots. A Railroad, for the construction of which steps are now taking, will, no doubt, pass at a less distance than three miles. A Turnpike is now almost completed within three miles of the Farm. Any person who may be inclined to see the Farm, will please call on JAMES E. LEE, Esq., who lives near, and will show the whole premises and give the terms.  
ROBT. MILLER.





IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH.

DANVILLE, KY.,  
Friday Morning, July 23, 1852.

## Whig Ticket for 1852!

FOR PRESIDENT,  
GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT,  
OF NEW YORK.FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
HON. WM. A. GRAHAM,  
OF NORTH CAROLINA.WHIG ELECTORS.  
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.  
Joshua F. Bell, of Boyle.  
William Preston, of Louisville.DISTRICT ELECTORS.  
1st. Lucian Anderson, of Cravens.  
2d. John S. McFarland, of Davies.  
3d. John G. Rogers, of Warren.  
4th. Thos. E. Bramlette, of Adair.  
5th. John L. Helms, of Harlan.  
6th. Curtis F. Bowman, of Madison.  
7th. John Rodman, of Oldham.  
8th. Garrett Davis, of Bourbon.  
9th. Leander M. Cox, of Fleming.  
10th. Thos. B. Stevenson, of Mason.

We are compelled this week to omit for want of room several lengthy editorial articles.

Jas. BARBOUR, Esq., late President of the Danville and Lexington Railroad Company, is now in New York for the purpose of selling the bonds of Boyle and Fayette counties, issued to that company.

A TREAT.—On Tuesday evening last, (when of all other times, such a treat was most acceptable,) our friends SHINDLEBOWER, just over the way, sent us a beautiful supply of the most delicious ice-cream, properly accompanied by various kinds of cake, &amp;c. The weather was warm, decidedly, and the cream was most refreshingly cooling—so much so, indeed, that we cheerfully advise our friends to try some of it this hot weather. A supply of "the same sort" can always be found where ours came from.

CLAY MONUMENT COMMITTEE.—The following gentlemen have been appointed the Clay Monument Committee for Boyle county. It is expected that each one of them will be energetic in endeavoring to procure subscriptions for the monument, and any who decline acting on the committee, are requested to notify the chairman of the fact.

J. T. Boyle, Chairman.—J. F. Bell, Rev. J. C. Young, Dr. J. Weisiger, A. G. Talbot, S. S. Fry, M. J. Darham, M. T. Chrisman, J. W. Burton, A. Falkerson, Sen., J. B. Laitner, and Dr. J. J. Polk.

Mr. Bell appointed Whig State Elector. By the following it will be seen that our talented fellow-citizen, Hon. J. F. Bell, has received the appointment of Whig Elector for the State at large, in place of Jas. F. Robinson, resigned. This will at once be hailed by all as an excellent appointment. Mr. Bell has few superiors as an efficient popular speaker, and his energy and intimate acquaintance with the politics of the country, eminently fit him for the post assigned him.

Office of Whig Central Committee, Frankfort, Ky., July 16, 1852.

At a meeting of the Whig Central Committee, held this day, it was

Ordered, 1. That JOSHUA F. BELL, of Boyle county, be appointed Elector for the State at large, in place of James F. Robinson, resigned.

2. That THOS. B. STEVENSON, of Mason county, be appointed Elector for the 10th Congressional District, in place of John S. Morgan, deceased.

3. That JAMES CRAWFORD, be appointed county Elector for Montgomery county, in place of Thos. J. Hood, resigned.

J. HARLAN, Chairman.

The cause of Mr. ROBINSON'S resignation appears by the following extract from his letter to the Chairman of the Central Committee:

"I am physically unable to canvass the State as is expected of me, and indeed as I think the occasion requires. Whilst my general health remains very good, I am, and for several years have been, laboring under a nervous affliction, which is increasing with age, from which I often suffer great pain, and which is always excited and aggravated by public speaking. Indeed, I am scarcely able, in consequence of it, to follow my profession. My physicians have advised that I avoid the excitement of speaking as much as practicable, if not altogether."

The Whigs of the State, says the Commonwealth, will regret to lose the services of so able and gallant a Whig as Mr. ROBINSON, but they will rejoice to see his place so well supplied as it is by the appointment of Mr. Bell, than whom Kentucky contains no truer Whig and very few indeed of abler men. Mr. Stevenson's appointment will meet with universal approbation. A man better qualified for the position could not be found. Thoroughly versed in political history and political principles, with a clear head, a ready tongue, and a fearless and tireless energy, he will make sad havoc of any democratic champion who may venture to meet him. Our electoral ticket is now full, and we regard it, in whole and in detail, with pride and confidence. It can't be beat on the stump nor at the polls.

On Friday last, agreeable to request, all business in our town was suspended between the hours of 10, A. M., and 2, P. M., and the various bells tolled from 10 to 11 o'clock, for the purpose of paying respect to the memory of Mr. CLAY. There was no procession, but at 11 o'clock, the Presbyterian Church was well filled, with an auditory anxious to evince in some way their appreciation of the great worth of the illustrious dead, and the sorrow they felt at his departure from earth. A. A. ANDERSON, Esq., the speaker selected for the occasion, did himself great credit, and his eulogy on the deceased, was as just and full as it is possible for such a thing as any man's eulogy upon Mr. CLAY to be. All seemed pleased with the address, and we have rarely listened with more pleasure than we did to Mr. Anderson as he bestowed deserved praise and laudation upon the ability, character, public services, patriotism and merits of HENRY CLAY, to whose ashes be there peace, and to whose memory will there be honor ever attached.

We publish in another part of our paper the resolutions adopted, expressive of the feelings of this community upon the occasion of Mr. CLAY'S death.

LARGE WHIG MEETING.—SPEECH BY HON. J. F. BELL.—THE WHIGS OF BOYLE FULLY ORGANIZED.—The Whig Ratification meeting on Monday last, was one of the very largest we have ever seen assembled in this county on any occasion. The large Court-room was literally crowded to overflowing, and many a good Whig and true was compelled to turn disappointed from the door, unable even to find standing room in the house. The meeting was addressed by our talented and popular fellow-citizen, Hon. J. F. BELL, and the attention paid to his remarks, and the applause with which he was frequently interrupted, told plainly enough that the old Whig spirit was being fully aroused. His speech throughout was characterized by that distinguished ability for which he, as a popular speaker is renowned, and as he interspersed his convincing arguments with flashes of humor and sarcasm, no one, (except, perhaps, our Democratic friends,) became tired, and all seemed to regret when such an entertainment was drawn to a close. He commenced by giving "an account of his stewardship" as delegate from the State at large to the National Convention, and after giving a brief, though satisfactory account of the doings of that body, he proceeded to review the lives of Gens. Scott and Pierce, both civil and military, leaving his hearers to draw their own conclusions, and make such comparisons as could not fail to be suggested to the minds of every one. The platforms were next compared, and reviewed, the portions of both relating to internal improvements and the Tariff closely examined, and the firm, independent tone of the Whig resolutions on those important principles shown side by side with the high-sounding, but half intelligible, half one way and half the other, resolutions adopted by the Democratic Convention. On the subject of the Compromise, he regarded both parties as occupying exactly the same position, both endorsing those measures, in all their parts. The Democrats themselves must acknowledge, and we know that many of them do, that his whole speech, though thoroughly, convincingly Whig, was one to which they can take no exceptions, being altogether honest and fair, and entirely free, as all Mr. Bell's speeches are, from that vulgar slang and abuse which political speakers too often make use of in absence of comprehension and ingenuity enough to make their efforts argumentative and interesting.

The Whig party of Boyle may now be regarded as fully organized, with a booming "SCOTT AND GRAHAM CLUB," and the signs of the times unmistakably predicting at least 300 as the majority in this county for our candidate in November next. The Whig ball is now in motion and gathers as it rolls.

We publish in another column the full official proceedings of the meeting on Monday. The resolutions are very interesting, and to them we invite especial attention.

THE OLD KEY STONE.—The reliable Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia North American, writes under date of the 7th, that intelligence has been received by Democratic members of Congress, from the interior of Pennsylvania, admitting that the State will go for Scott by a heavy majority.

OUR TICKET IN FLORIDA.—The Whig papers of Florida are coming warmly in to the support of Scott and Graham. A Jacksonville paper says the idea that General Pierce comes from too far North we want no more Yankee Presidents, is becoming the common sentiment throughout the South.

THE WHIG SPIRIT IN NEW ORLEANS.—The Whigs of New Orleans determined the other day to form a Company to be called the "Scott Rangers." Accordingly a meeting was held and the ball put in motion. Within twenty-four hours, instead of a Company, a BATTALION of 400 young men had enlisted, and at the expiration of the third day the "Company" had swelled to a REGIMENT of over 800!—all "Rangers" under the banner of Scott!

OPENING OF THE CAMPAIGN.—The Presidential campaign in this Congressional district was commenced at Somerset, on Monday, the 12th inst., by speeches from Col. Bramlette, Whig Elector, and Maj. Jas. S. Chrisman, Democratic Elector. The addresses of both gentlemen are highly spoken of by the Somerset Gazette, which paper says of Col. Bramlette:

"He has prepared himself well for the canvass, and very readily meets the various matters discussed, being perfectly familiar with the history of the country and parties, and is well posted with the various positions which the democratic party have maintained in the last 20 years upon all questions of public policy. His style of speaking is decidedly pleasing, and we have rarely met his equal in close and logical argument. He is destined to rank among Kentucky's ablest statesmen."

We publish in another part of our paper the appointments for speaking throughout the district.

The Washington correspondence of the N. York Express notices as an evidence of the good feeling between President Fillmore and Gen. Scott, that the latter dined with the President on the 14th inst., by special invitation.

Prentice remarks that nearly the whole population of the country seem now to be upon the Whig platform. The Whigs are standing on it, and a good many of the Democrats are lying on it.

ALABAMA O. K.—The North Alabama, speaking of the reception given to the nomination of Scott and Graham in that State says:—"So far all looks well. No campaign within our recollection has opened as flattering."

CHOLERA.—We are glad to have in our power to state that the cholera, which last week broke out so unexpectedly at Crab Orchard, has entirely abated, and that the citizens who were so suddenly frightened from their homes, are returning. There have only been four deaths in the place, the other cases yielding quickly to medical treatment. These facts we glean from a letter from a gentleman at the Orchard to Mr. T. McRoberts, of this place in which it is stated that there are no new cases.

The last accounts from Millersburg, Bourbon county, state that the cholera has broken out anew and that most of the citizens have left.

The Lebanon (Ky.) Post says that the cholera is prevailing to some extent at Fairfield, Nelson county.

The cholera has entirely abated at Kirkville.

The deaths from cholera in Maysville, still range from two to four each day, though there is no alarm felt, and all the cases which are treated prudently are readily relieved.

It is authentically announced that the cholera has disappeared from Hopkinsville, and that up to the 17th, not a single case had occurred for a week.

Several deaths have occurred in Morgantown, and in Jefferson and Spencer counties.

The Columbia (Mo.) Statesman, of the 9th, reports several deaths by cholera in that place and the adjacent county.

The St. Louis Republican learns by a gentleman from the Missouri river that the cholera is prevailing to some extent at Rocheport, in Boone county. Several persons had fallen victims to it—among them Messrs. Hadwin and Taylor, extensive dealers in tobacco in that region. Several slaves had also died.

The Southern Rights party of Barbour County, Ala., have nominated Gen. JOHN A. QUINCY for President, and Hon. T. L. CLINGMAN for Vice President. But whilst they indicate this as their nomination, they pledge themselves to support any separate Southern Rights ticket, which the Convention to meet at Montgomery, may nominate. They claim the right to run these candidates, without reference to their personal wishes. The Eufaula Spirit of the Times says, that the meeting which made the nomination, was the largest ever held in that place.

Geo. C. Washington, the nominee of the Native American party for Vice President, has published a letter declining the same, and says he esteems Scott for his spotless character and his frank, manly and courteous manner—for his military services by which the character of the country has been elevated at home and abroad. He concludes by saying that the candidates of the Whig National Convention would receive his cordial assent, and will receive his most zealous support.

Mr. Grund telegraphs from Washington to the New York Herald, that all the Southern members with the exception of Messrs. Toombs and Stephens will wheel into line and support the nomination of Scott and Graham and the platform.

There was a full moon on the 1st of July, and there will be another on the 31st—a circumstance that has not occurred since 1776, when there was a full moon on the 1st and the 30th.

DIFFICULTIES WITH ENGLAND.—A document has been issued by the State Department, dated July 6, and signed by Mr. Webster, which says that measures have been taken by the British Government in regard to the American fisheries to cause a complete interruption to the business of New England, with constant collisions of an unpleasant character, which may end in the destruction of life, and threaten the peace of the two countries. The whole subject will engage the immediate attention of the Government.

Three British vessels of war are expected to arrive on the British North American coast in July, where the seizure of American vessels will begin.

MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—A despatch from Washington, bearing date of the 15th is as follows:

There has been a diversity of statements in the papers respecting the return of Mr. Lawrence, and the appointment of Mr. Webster as minister to England.

I have this evening learned that Mr. Lawrence has had an informal correspondence with the President on the subject; that his official resignation is now on the way to this country; that Mr. Webster has been offered the place, and that he will give an answer, probably an acceptance, in a few days, and not return to Washington at all hereafter.

It is thought here that Mr. Webster will not accept any nomination for the Presidency.

"CLEAR AS MUD." The Richmond (Va.) Whig says very truly that the nomination of Gen. Pierce has suggested a good many problems of difficult solution. Why did Gen. Pierce fall so often from his horse? Do you give it up? So do we. Why did he not reply to Mr. R. G. Scott's letter? Did he reply and has the letter been withheld from the public eye? Can we tell? But these are nothing in comparison with the last resolution in the Democratic Platform. That is *par excellence* the puzzle of the age. We have been unable to find a Whig or Democrat, who could give us the remotest conception of its meaning. Perhaps some "Philadelphia lawyer" may be able to explain. In the hope that somebody may throw some light on it we publish it.

Resolved, That in view of the condition of popular institutions in the old world, a high and sacred duty is devolved with increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country as the party of the people, to uphold and maintain the rights of every State, and thereby the union of the States, and to sustain and advance among us constitutional liberty, by continuing to resist all monopolies, and exclusive legislation for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and by a vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromises of the constitution, which are broad enough and strong enough to embrace and uphold the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be in the full expansion of the energies and capacities of this great and progressive people.

DEPARTURE OF KOSSUTH.—The New York Tribune of Thursday last, the 15th inst., says:

We learn that Gov. Kossuth sailed yesterday, for Liverpool, in the Africa, instead of waiting till the departure of the Washington, on Saturday, as he had before intended. He left without any manifestation of excitement among the people, being accompanied to the ship only by a few personal friends.

The editor of the Princeton (Ky.) Republican—a capital paper, by the way—is full of hope and pluck. Just listen to him:—

We never bet, but if any of our Democratic friends want a good family paper, or any job work or advertising done, are informed that we will do it for them and wait until Scott is elected for the pay.—Come gentlemen we are at leisure now somewhat.

A gentleman who accompanied the remains of Henry Clay to Louisville, says the Cincinnati Gazette, spoke of a neat little tribute of respect that took place at Rising Sun. As the Bell Franklin passed that place, the passengers saw quite a demonstration upon the banks. It consisted of thirty-one young ladies dressed in white, with one exception, with black veils, each with a banner representing the different States; the one indicating Kentucky was dressed in deep mourning. It was really a beautiful and an imposing scene, reflecting a large amount of credit upon the young ladies of Rising Sun.

The following beautiful extract we clip from a correspondent of the Louisville Journal writing from Cincinnati:

"Let the ashes of Henry Clay repose in calm and unbroken quietude beneath the shades of his Kentucky home! Let his Ashland tomb be the holy Jerusalem of the American patriot, who, as pilgrims to the sacred spot, shall render homage to the immortal dead! Long may the spirit of Ashland's sage preside over the destinies of our country; and when the degeneracy of national reverence and gratitude shall have so increased that Clay and his glorious deeds are forgotten, then will the pillars of the national government crumble!"

A RELIC OF PAST DAYS.—In the Hall of Independence, in Philadelphia a settee has been deposited by a citizen, which was made out of the pew of General Washington, in Christ Church, in that city. The back has been painted red, white and blue. In the centre are the following words:—"Washington, Lafayette, Franklin and Bishop White, sat on this bench."

BLOODY AFFRAY.—A difficulty occurred on Friday last, at a barbecue in Washington county, near the line dividing that county from Mercer, in which two men by the name of Shumache, and another named Ramsom attacked a Mr. Sear. One of the Shumaches was killed, and Sear so severely wounded that his life was at last accounts altogether despaired of. Some of the others may have been wounded, but not dangerously. We have no further reliable particulars.

Frightful Picture.—The Tribune reports, from a compilation of official statistics, that out of 19,000 criminals committed to the Tombs of N. Y. city the past year over 4,000 were under 21 years of age! And of these about 800 were between the age of 9 and 15. A more frightful picture has never been presented to any community. How gloomy must not the future lower over that city—mighty, it is true also in wickedness.

THOMAS B. STEVENSON, Esq., of Mason, has been selected by the Whig Central Committee at Frankfort as the Whig candidate for Presidential Elector for the 10th Congressional district, in place of Col. John S. Morgan, dec'd.

We learn from the Somerset Gazette, that the grand jury found a true bill against Sarrafin and Givens for the murder of Mr. Griffin, and that they are now in jail awaiting their trial at the October Term of the Polaski Circuit Court.

Hon. John McKinley, one of the judges of the Supreme Court, died at the residence of his son near Louisville, on Monday last.

HOT FOR LUNDY'S LANE.—A great Whig mass meeting is to be held at Niagara Falls on the 27th and 28th. Gen. Scott himself is expected to be present.

The New York Tribune speaking of the report of the appointment of the Hon. John P. Kennedy, as Secretary of the Navy, says:

This is an admirable choice. Mr. Kennedy was in Congress in 1838 &amp; from 1841 to 1845. As a member of the glorious 27th Congress, he was active, able and influential. He was among the master spirits of that memorable Congress, and in his return to the public service, will bring to it eminent talents and unwavering Whig principles. He is wisely and favorably known to the literary world by his "Swallow Barn," "Horse Shoe Robinson," and other thoroughly American novels.

Pierce Deplores Slavery.

The more Pierce's character is probed into the worse it gets. On the 24th of November, 1850, a "great Union meeting" was held at Manchester New Hampshire, and among the speakers on the occasion was Gen. Franklin Pierce. Here is what he says in his speech:

"Who did not deplore slavery? But what sound thinking man regarded that as the only EVIL which could rest upon the land! The man who would dissolve the Union did not hate or deplore SLAVERY MORE THAN HE DID, but even with it, we had lived in peace, prosperity, and security from the foundation of our institutions to the present time. If the constitution provided for the return of fugitive slaves, it should be done. That was what he wanted to do, and that was what our fathers agreed to do, and that was what the friends of the Union, established by them, wanted to do. [Hisses.] These (said Gen. Pierce) are the arguments of the "higher law," I suppose."

What sort of a record is that? What do those who join the Van Buren, Rantoul, and Wilmont in support of him, because he is sound on the slavery questions, think of it.

FROM TEXAS.

Baltimore, July 20.

The New Orleans mail brings later dates from Texas. The papers give details of many outrages committed by the Indians. Large bodies of them were moving about the country, causing great alarm.

It was reported at San Antonio, that the Mexicans had fired into another steamer, killing the Captain and wounding several; also that Roma and Rio Grande city had been attacked by 500 Mexicans and Indians, all the houses burned and several Americans killed.

Not much reliance was placed upon the report that Carvajal intends to attack Matamoros.

New Orleans, July 20.

A correspondent between the American Consul at Matamoros and Gen. Avalas has been published respecting the firing into the steamer Camarache. Avalas threatens the act, saying as long as revolutionary leaders receive American protection, the frontiers must not expect security.

Stray Screl Filly! TRAYED from the subscriber, living in Boyle county, about the 1st of June last, a SCREL FILLY, 3 years old, has a very roman nose, bald face, carries his tail rather to one side, and has one or more white feet.

Any person who may have taken up said filly, shall be very liberally rewarded by returning her to me, or by giving such information as will enable me to get her again.

C. T. WORTHINGTON.  
July 23, '52 ft

## PROTECTION

## INSURANCE

## COMPANY.

HARTFORD.

THOS. B. NICHOLS, Agent,  
For Danville and Boyle county.  
July 16, '52 ft

## Public Meetings

We will address the people at the following places and times, viz:  
Russell Springs, Monday, July 19th.  
Newville, Adair co., Tuesday, July 20th.  
Harmony, Wednesday, July 21st.  
Eskew's Meeting-house, Thursday, July 22d.  
Benz Sulphur Springs, Friday, July 23d.  
Barksboro, Saturday, July 24th.  
Albany, Monday, July 25th.  
Greensboro, Tuesday, July 27th.  
Greensburg, Monday, August 5th.  
Elmore's Green co., Wednesday, August 15th.  
Campbellsville, Monday, August 23d.  
Liberty, Monday, September 13th.  
Hustonsville, Wednesday, September 15th.  
Perryville, Thursday, September 16th.  
Danville, Saturday, September 17th.  
Spartanburg, Monday, September 18th.  
Crab Orchard, Tuesday, September 21st.  
Ekin's, Pulaski co., Wednesday, Sept. 22d.  
Harrison, Pulaski, Thursday, September 23d.  
Robert Parley's, Wayne, Saturday, Sept. 25.  
Sountree, Madison, October 4th.  
Monticello, Monday, October 18th.  
Jamestown, Monday, October 25th.JAMES S. CHRISMAN,  
THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,  
Electors 4th Congressional District.

## PUBLIC INVITATION.

Our fellow-citizens are respectfully invited to participate with us in a public expression of the great loss our beloved country has sustained in the death of her favorite son, the Hon. Henry Clay.

There will be a procession in this place, on Saturday, July 24th, composed of the Masonic Fraternity, and Citizens generally, who will, under proper regulations, proceed to the beautiful grounds of the Harrodsburg Springs, where a eulogy will be pronounced by the Rev. S. Robinson, of Frankfort, Ky., on the life, character and services of one whom Kentucky with heartfelt sorrow mourns, and one who will ever live in the memory of her patriotic sons.

W. H. THOMPSON,  
THOS. P. MOORE,  
J. L. SMEDLEY,  
W. M. J. MOBERLY,  
R. C. PATTERSON,  
Committee.

HARRISBURG, July 11th, 1852.

## A CARD.

SIRS—Having become convinced from recent developments, that I cannot be the successful competitor for the office of Sheriff for the county of Boyle in the approaching contest, I have determined to withdraw my name as a candidate, and in thus acting will trust that those kind and generous friends who have manifested so lively an interest in my welfare may approve my course—to all of whom I feel much indebted, and take this opportunity of expressing to them my most sincere acknowledgments, and will add, that should circumstances seem to indicate a more favorable result at some future election, I will then most cheerfully comply with their wishes. I cannot close this article without saying to Messrs. Donaghy and Williams that the field is now open to them for fair competition, and I trust they may from this time onward prosecute the race on high and honorable principles, and be content to leave the issue to that public whom they have both had the good fortune to serve.

Respectfully yours,

A. D. MEYER.

## AUGUST ELECTION—1852.

## ELECTION ON MONDAY, THE 20.

## BOYLE COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF:  
GEO. W. DONEGHY.  
DEVERLY D. WILLIAMS.FOR TOWN MARSHAL:  
JOSEPH JACKSON.  
CHARLES RIDGEWAY.  
GEORGE YEISER, Sr.

## LINCOLN COUNTY.

FOR SHERIFF:  
JAS. CROW.

MARRIED.—On Monday evening last, the 19th inst., by Rev. J. A. Boyle, Mr. NICHOLAS WOLFE to Miss MARY A. O'NEILL, daughter of Mr. James O'Neil—of Milledgeville, Lincoln co., Ky.

THAT CASE was most devious, and we take great pleasure in tendering to our friends, together with our sincere congratulations and all those good wishes which printers usually shower upon newly married couples who hold them in remembrance. May their voyage on life's troubled sea be unusually pleasant, and may they ever be wafted by the breeze of prosperity.

DIED.—On the 12th inst., in Milledgeville, Lincoln county, FLORENCE GILLESPIE, infant daughter of JAMES and ALEXANDER GILHAM.

In Lexington, at the residence of Mr. Dr. W. L. ZIMMERMAN, on Saturday, the 17th instant, after a lingering illness, Miss N. AGNES McCORMICK, in the 18th year of her age.

Fish's Patent Air-Tight METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

THE subscriber having obtained the agency for the above Burial Cases, would call the attention of the public to them, as being greatly superior in every respect, to the common Wooden Coffin now in use, for durability, elegance, style of finish, &amp;c. They stand unrivalled, and wherever they have been introduced they have obtained a decided preference over every other Coffin. Their costliness and their great convenience render them very desirable, while their cost being but little, if any, above that of the common wooden coffin, places them within the reach of all. Satisfied of their superiority, I have no hesitation in recommending them to this community. I shall in a few weeks have a fine HEARSE, and will always be ready to attend to calls in the city or country, either day or night.

D. GRIFFITH.  
Danville, July 23, '52 ft

## Dissolution Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Boot and Shoe making business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts of the firm are to be paid by JOHN O'NEILL, to whom all accounts due the firm are to be paid.

JOHN O'NEILL,  
J. P. THORRELL.  
Danville, July 19, '52 ft

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE undersigned returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the late firm, and would respectfully inform the public that he will continue the business in all its different branches. Having just received a large supply of superior material, and employing none but the best workmen, he will continue to use all his efforts to merit the patronage hitherto extended to them.

JOHN O'NEILL.  
July 25, '52 ft

## FARM FOR SALE!

NOW is the time to buy one of the prettiest FARMS in Mercer county, and in the best section of the county, lying 3 miles from Harrodsburg, on the Turnpike leading to Lancaster, convenient to Mills, and near the base of the Railroad from Lexington to Danville, Containing 189 Acres, Of first rate Land, lying as well as any one could wish, about one-half in fine timber. The improvements are all new, having all been put up in the last two years. Having concluded to quit farming, a bargain can be had, and having farmed it on both sides of the Kentucky river, I know the Land to produce with any land, with proper cultivation. If suited, I would sell several FARM HANDS, and all my STOCK and CROP with the place.

H. HARCOURT.  
Mercer co., July 30, '52

## GOLD LOCKET LOST.

LOST, somewhere on the streets of Danville, on the 15th inst., a Double Gold Locket, containing two Daguerreotype Miniatures. This Locket not belonging to the finder, will be lib. rally rewarded and will confer a great and lasting favor on both owner and finder by leaving it at the Tribune Office, or handing it the undersigned, living in Hustonsville, July 23, '52

W. P. TATE.

## PUMPS—PUMPS.

I HAVE just received a lot of superior CISTERN PUMPS, with Lead Pipes, which will sell low for cash.

D. GRIFFITH.

## DR. FREEMAN'S

## SARSAPARILLA.

A CERTAIN cure for Coughs, Pain in the Chest or Side, and all Affections of the Lungs; also, a permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, viz: Scrofula, or King's Evil, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Erysipelas, Pimples on the Face, Bites, Chronic Induration of the Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Piles, the Bones, or Joints, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Spleen, Chronic Inflammation of the Liver, &amp;c. &amp;c. Also, all the Diseases that delicate Females are subject to, such as Debility, Emaciation, Sallowness of complexion, &amp;c. &amp;c.

For sale in Danville at

R. A. WATTS' Drug Store.

Also, at the various Drug Stores in Lancaster, Stanford, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Harrodsburg, Nicholasville, Lexington, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## The Rat Wafer.

MONROE SCOTT is now offering to the people of this place a certain Destroyer of Rats, in the shape of Wafers, which are warranted to drive all Rats and Mice from any premises, and not leave them to die in their holes as when poisoned with other poisons, and will not poison other animals or children. It has never been known to fail to exterminate the Rats and Mice.

Certificates—We, the undersigned, have used the above poison about our premises, and take pleasure in saying that it is all that is represented to be, and that we are now entirely free from these pests.

Lancaster, Indiana.—Leon Addler, L. S. Grouzard, John Harberger, Esq., Burk, James Griffith, Isaac F. Craft, A. C. Gibbs.

Hamilton, Ohio.—A. Mayhew, Joseph N. Pinney, Isaac Matthis.

Lexington, Ky.—J. A. Taylor, J. Robinson, Geo. Smith, Geo. W. Sloan, H. G. S. Birch, W. F. Lantz.

Middleton, Jefferson, Ky.—This is to certify that they have used the Rat Wafer, and are satisfied that they will kill and drive rats and mice from any place. Signed, Wm. Harshman, H. A. Kenesaw, A. G. White, F. G. Brayman, Perine &amp; McCarthey, Dr. Dennis, W. Upton.

This Rat exterminator can be had in almost all the towns and villages of the country, particularly those bordering on water courses.

July 23, '52 ft



